

An analysis of institutionalized vocational trainings for farm women

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■ **ABSTRACT :** The importance of training and education for improving the standard of living of the family, especially through home makers, has been recognized long back but has gained impetus in the recent past. The present study was undertaken on 240 women of Rajasthan state. A structured questionnaire was used to elicit information from the trainees. It was found that 'tailoring' was considered of much importance because even if they do not want to accept it as a vocation, they can sew their family clothings and save money. It was observed that 'Rope making' was given first preference by the respondents while the 'Jute bag making' the item of training was given the last rank by the farm women amongst all five items of the vocational training. The tailoring was most needed followed by handicraft making, carpentry, jute bag making which were important while rope making was least needed items of training as perceived by farm women.

■ **KEY WORDS:** Training needs, Adequacy, Vocational trainings, Women empowerment

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